ter peinted in Jeseph Andrews; Forenght, [Mr. Thompson) an old het who believes in s'gas and astratogy; a fishbersibbety girl, without much to do in the second but to refleve or two, these are the main characters. The bands which Sir Sampson Legand management by which the Tre majority of coder to get him to sign a certain parchament by which the mean old accundred is to control an estate fully—the pre who cappo needed medices of the son to hurabug the father and gain time so as not to sign it, are the stape of the poce. Per tial justice is done, Valentine Legend being ready to some of the time his father supposes he has garned the consent the of Argelica to marry his me low self to the evaluation of his cen; but at this juncture the fair Angelies tears up the parchment yet unsigned, and declars, her love for Velesse. A trick played on Tollie makes him marry, by missake one of the damireps. A love affair concorded for Bea-

the Miss, does not come to a head, seems to us that this comedy was writing in an extenshoflow age. We find its whole spirit antipathetical to what we now admire. Its poetry knew nothing of exter-nal sature; its music was machine-like for the most part: when drunk; its church was drowsy, mero pary and po-nical; its patriots one and all had their price; its best agliation of an earlier period which gave the world a acepere was wanting. Out of such a concaregation of aimost scenless transitions in social history it is impossible o dig the details for a story with the above characters

to interest and fire this ege.

The theater of Mr. Wathick has a well merited reputation for a good company. The play went smoothly for a first representation. Mr Buke, Mr Brougham, Mrs Hoey, Mr. Lester, Mrs. Broughum, &c., being carebent in thoir bis superior talent, to the character, which the reading pley has no claim to in that particular.

nee, ser of gentlemen, who, not finding peners to sit, sund, see or hear, demanded their money back, but were refused. word being given that they could have tickets for another night. We have our own opinion on this matter, which is that a theater is bound to return the money when no value whatever is or can be received at the moment. If there be any practice to the contrary, it is only honorable in the breach and not in the observance.

THE LATEST NEWS

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

From Our Own Corres; ondent.
Washington, Wednesday, March 1, 1851. The election of Mr. Nicholson as Printer to the House of Representatives has disgusted the Hards, and they threaten vengeance on the Nebraska bid

Mr. Borrs has written another paper against the Nebraska

scheme, which will soon appear. It is characterized by his accustomed ability and boldness. The Northern and Western members are completely

flooded with letters condemning the Nebraska movement. The Administration is very uneasy about New Hampshire The Union this morning announces that it will beceafter

be published under the exclusive control of Mr. Nicholson.
The amount in the United States depositeries on the 20th
ult, subject to draft was \$10,000,000.

A party of Indian chiefs from Nebraska arrived here
the morning to make errangements relating to their

Senator Bright is alonly recovering.

XXXIIId CONGRESS-FIRST SUSSIEN.

SENATE..... WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March, 1, 1854.
Nr. SEWARD presented the remonstrance of William Classidy, T. H. Van Dyck, A. J. Colver, and five hundred other citizens of Albany against the Nebraska bill.
Other bills of a similar nature were presented from NewYork, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.
The bill making Lakeport, Louisiana, a port of delivery was passed.

was passed.

Mr. SUMNER presented two petitions from Massachusetts against the Nebraska bill.

Mr. PISH introduced a bill to prevent unnecessary delay in the unloading of cargoes arriving from foreign ports.

The bill graining ion.

Inside was taken up.

Micars. MASON and HUNTER opposed it.

Micars. WALKER and STUART supported it.

Mr. BADGER followed in support of the Institute Land

bill, which was then postponed.

The Nebraska bill was taken up.

denomination by certain presses states North. He had been expecially selected as a subject for the ferecet attacks, and have sony, with the exception of the Senset from this nois, the best abased man in the country. He proposed to day to declare for himself no new set of principles, but to give expression to those he had on former occasions exists taked and advocated in the Senset, During the sexhing debates in the Senset on territorial questions in 1848, he on the chird July, delivered his views on this subject. He said then, that though he and his colleague had voted under instructions for the application of ordinance of 87 to the Treaty of Gandalape Hidday, they would be controlled to the Senset on the Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the 18th of July, 18th proposed to the Senset to refer the subject to a select committee of feight Sensetors, two of reads the Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory as it found it. On the Senset Compress should leave the Territory and the South seal than the South and the Senset Compress to the Proceedings of the Committee was elected, and consisted of himself, Mr. Underwood, Mr. Charles on the Senset Compress to the Proceedings from the existing States the North would got he existents on the Misseuri Compression to the Senset Compression

men and was rejected. Mr. Davis of Massachusetts, moved an amendment to the bill by extending the moved an amendment to the bill by extending the redinance of 1787 to Oregon Territory, and this was supported by northern Senators, but was voted down to the third reading of the bill in the Senate the vote stood, year 33, anys 22—the South supporting it by the first of the senators of the Senate the vote stood, year 33, anys 22—the South supporting it by the first of the senators of the Senate the vote stood, year 33, anys 22—the South supporting it by the first of the senators of the Senate That bill secured true non-intervention. It established territorial government for Oregon, Californ, and Now Mexico. It provided for the appointment of Governor, Secretary and Judges for the Territory of Now Mexico, who were created a Legislative Council, and vested with all the power consistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States, but were decided at Vested with the Constitution and laws of the United States, but were decided over all domestic regulations of territory, including clarks and the Stavey could not be carried there is south was will into the decision of the Supreme Court the right to institute and laws of the United States, but were decided over all domestic regulations of territory, including Slavery were all the states of the States, but were decided to the continuous and it is had been passed, would have a state of the world therefore propose to the Sanator (French States, Development to strick in out, and that a government of the Governor and the Stavey could not be carried there; the state of the Governor and the Stavey could not be carried there is force, and that Stavey could not be carried there is force and meaning of the supposed of the Governor and the Stavey could not be carried there is force and meaning of the States and the Stavey could not be carried there. The North was not been supposed of the Governor and the Stavey could not be carried there. The North was not the state of the S

Mr. FISH introduced a bill to prevent unaccessary delay in the unloading of cargoes arriving from foreign ports;

Keferred.

Mr. FISH submitted a resolution directing inquiry as
to the propriety of purchashing Stuart's portraits of the
first five Fresidents. Adopted.

The resolution paying Mr. Young for his services as
Commissioner to investigate the charges against Mr. Ramsey, late Commissioner of Indian Affairs in Minuscota,
was passed.

The bill granting land to all the States for the indigon
insune was taken up.

Mesrs. MASON and HUNTER opposed it.

Mesrs. WALKER and STUART supported it.

Territory porth of is deg. 30cm, should be for ever from
Netton of the University of the Compoundation of the Compoundation of the University of the Compoundation of the Compoundation of the University of the Compoundation of t The Nebraska bill was taken up.

Mr. CLAYTON said that ever since the Senator from North Carolina had said that all of the Southern Whigs would support this bill, they had been made the objects of denuciation by certain presses at the North. He had been to the specially selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibet and the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibet a breach of plighted faith. He desired that he was hear and the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibet as breach of plighted faith. He desired that he was hear and the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the senator from Illibeta because the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the senator from Illibeta because the special selected as a subject for the fiercest attacks, and he was now, with the exception of the Senator from Illibeta because the senator from Illibeta

and the other her unmourced stater - discreet demir pt. Lot | gen hill, and passed it with the Wilmot Province limit. It | people were allowed to close the Legislature. He would

The House resumed the consideration of the motion to refer to the Committee of the Whole the Senste bill grant-

ants for such objects.

Mr. EASTMAN explained the relicond legislation of

LETCHER asked whether the Wall at brokers do

SPEAKER assessment that the time had arrived

The following nominations were made:
By Mr. ORK—A. O. P. Nicholson.
By Mr. CHANDLER—Joseph Gales.
One the editor of The Union and the other the editor of
The Notional Intelligence.
Mr. EWING said he understood fifty six gentlemen

and night, in cancer, were kind enough to elect a public printer; therefore, to seve time, he wished to propose comething. [Cries of "Order!" "Order!" interrupted im, blended with exclamation of "Let him go on!"

"Proceed!"
The SPEAKER, amid the confusion, politely informed the gentlemen that his remarks were not in order.
Mr. EWING bowed and took his seat.
Mr. BAYLLY, at the request of Mr. William W. Carran, and not because he was his especial candidate, nominated that gentleman, who is The Globe reporter in the House.

Mr HAVEN-I nominate John T. Towers, who is wholly disconnected from the public Press.

"order | Mr. Fl. NN-I voted in crusus for Mr. Curran, though without his consent. [Cries of "order" broke out afresh, and a voice. "Don't tell tales out of school. | Mr. WALSH is minated Mr. J. M. Johnson, who is the

Mr. WALSE L.
House Postmester.
Mr. SKELTON nominated Gamaliel Ballay, editor of
The National Era. [Crics of "Oh. don!! Ha! ha!]
Mr. WALBRIDGE wished to know whether, in the emiration of any of these candidates, the object was to sent the family of the late Robit Armstronz [Cries of der stopped further remarks by him, and there was a result.

emand for the vote.]

Just here a band of Indians, arrayed in gandy savage outure, made their appearance in the gallery, structing the attention of every body in the half. This consistent

ich general talking.
The SPEAKER announced that conversation was out of order and requested the gendemen who were standing to resume their scate. Comparative quiet after a while

Mr. STRAUB nominated Chas. M. Hall. Messrs. Ocr. Chandler, Walsh and Haven were appointed tellers.
The House voted viva vece with the following result—

necessary to a choice 102: Mr. Nicholson received 122; Mr. Gales 18 The remain-

Mr. Nichol of received the candidates.

There who voted for Mr. Nicholson are:
There who voted for Mr. Nicholson are:
Nicers James C Allen, Walls Allen, Alexa, Aske, Fanta, Barkelie, Earry, Bellins, Bell, Becord, Brechmidge, Bridge, Brooks,
Les Lord, Chastam, Chrisman, Christophell, Chies, Clinaren,
Sall, Collidia, Challe, Marines, Christophell, Chies, Clinaren,
Sall, Carlott, Chang, Chamber, Bowdell, Drom, Quotier, Edmondor,
Inot, Ellins, Earle, M. Eberige, Falking, Marin, Edmondor,
Inot, Ellins, Earle, Glas, Harting, Hamban, Hartan, (fal.)
Laris, Mal., Earre, Glas, Harting, Hendrick, Henn, Hobard,
Contan, Hashes, Ingerod, Johnson, Johns, Chan, Joseph (fal.)
Line Hal, Katt Kaiwell, Kittreke, Karn, Lamb, Line, Lubban,
Jacobral, McConad McMeller, McNair, Mary, Maxwell, May,
Jacobral, McConad McMeller, McNair, Mary, Maxwell, May,
Laris Mall, Miller, Martine, Hendrick, Noble, Ola Orr,
Jaker, Ferklin, (N.Y.) Perkin, (fa.) Pholys, Faithey, Frath,
Laris Chang, Shower, Shalenn, Shalta, (fem.) Smith, (Va.)
Smith (Als.) Smyth (fem.) Smith, Theody, Vall, Vanant, Walker,
Salley, Marker, Welle, Wantwert, Hill, Westhrook, Wagfi,
Miss.) Wright, (Pem.)

(Penn.) - Merrs Ball, Bernett Bersen, Campbell, Carpenstre-Mesers Bank Bergert Bergen, Campbell Carpha-re, Chandler, Cook, Corros Cost, Crecker, Calion, De Salvarde, Farley, Flarley, Gudrich, Harrison, Hisser, Lecck, McColluck, Matteaun, Macchan, Michigaworth, Morgan, Norton, Oliver, Hingle, Parriar, Ready, Truscill, Saoth, Saga, Suy, Salter, Trusy, Wash-Washlumas, (Mr.) Washwarm (Mass / Zolicower, Jalana-Meser, Elgerton, Kerr, Luddier, Peck, m.) Sasten, (Ky.) Wash, Witse, 1978—Mesers, Bayly, (Va.) Benton, Chatley, Euthors, Valve

For J. M. Lebense-Mr. N. Gleren
For C. M. H. C. Mr. Streek,
For Controls B. Addi-Mr. Online
For Reduct Librarys-Mr. Catche.
Mr. Nicholson was then declared elected printer for the
remainder of the present Congress. Adjourned.

He would the power than that Terrors, Wednesday, March 1, 1851.

The Committee to whom was referred the bill extenting the Charter of the Cambon and Amboy Rulinast have lad an end meeting, and wid grounds report a man ow, it is said they will report a substitute to the bill referred in them to the meeting the important curves and on a macoual total defiance seed to give a first years, instead of the years.

RHODE ISLAND LEGISLATURE:
Findings, Wednesday, March 1, 1856.
The Senate have concurred by one rejectly in the smeadments of the House to the bill annualing the sentence of T. W. Derr and expanging the records of the Saprens

THE SOUTPERN MAIL

Distrisons, Wednesday, March 1, 1854.

We have no neal again this evening south of Washington. A bridge being down on the Fredericksburg Ball-road prevents the ranning of the tasil train.

NAVIGATION OF THE OHIO.
CUSCINSAT, Welnesday, March 1, 1844.
The river is rising rapidly and now measures 14 feet in
the channel, hence to Cairo.
Wasther warm and cloudy.

ANTI-NEBRASKA MEETING IN OHIO. Cincinsari, Wednesday, March 1, 1854, A great and Nebraska meeting is to be held at Colum-bus, irrespective of party, on the 5d of March.

SUICIDE OF A MERCHANT.
FORTLAND, Wednesday, March 1, 1834.
Birsm Covell, senior partner of the firm of Covell, Steele & Co., committed suicide by drowning himself in a cistern to day. Cause not known.

I.ATE FROM HAVANA.

New Contents, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1854.

The steemable Philodel his has seried at this port with Havana dates to the 24th Feb. There is no news of inc.

nd boon portaine.

It was FROM HALIFAN-MOVERENTS OF STEAMERS regress.

The steamer Coprey, from Newfoundland, arrived here were to this foreness. Admiral Sir C. Seymour was among her Presences.
We have no tidings of the steamer of the 18th, due from

DEPARTURE OF THE CANADA.

Borros, Wednesday, Marca 1, 1853.
The Consed steamship Canada sailed at noon to day for Liverpool with 51 passengers and 6150,000 specie.

THREE DAYS

LATER FROM EUROPE

ARRIVAL OF THE ANDES AT BOSTON.

ENGLAND SENDS TROOPS TO THE EAST.

ADSTRIA JOINS THE WESTERN FOWERS.

The are westermakin Ander, from Liverpool Peb 14, arrived at Posten about 8 o'clock vesterday morning. She brought no London papers or circulars, and the only paper that we have been able to procure is The Liverpool Times of the 18th February.
The Royal Mail Steamship Company advertise that in

consequence of the steamship Ningara being required for special service, the acrew steamship Alps will be detained at Liverpool until Feb. 18, to take the mails and passengers o Boston, instead of the steamer Nagara. The British Government has chartered thirteen steam-

ships to convey troops to Malta, to wit: from the B. N. A. (Cunard) Line, the Niagara and Cambria: General Screw Steamship Line, the Golden Fleece, Jacon, Cape of Good Hope, and Propontis; Posteralls and Oriental Line, the Elimatore, Maniba, and Ripon; Australian Line, the Victorin, Queen of the South, Hydaspet, and Harbinger.

The British contingent for the defense of Turkey will amount to 20,000 men, with 40 gues; 250 picked men in each battallon are to be armed with Minie rides, and brigade commands will be conferred on young colonels. The naval preparations are carried on with the greatest

her cargo, and will again return to this port to take the mails for Liverpool next Wednesday week. It is nanounced in the Liverpool papers that the steam

ship Asia would sail from that port on the 23th February for Boston and New York, vis Hallfan, but that passengers by her will be booked for Hallfan and Boston only.

The strateship Nashville was advertised to sail from Mayle, via Southampson, for New York, on the 15th Feb. [the Nashville was erroncously reported as below New York this morning]

The Andes period, roleg into Liverpool, the steamship Cambria from New York, and on the 15th Feb., in the Irish

Channel, passed the steamship Atlantic from New-York 4th, for Havara, was abandened Feb. 1, in latitude 45° N, lon-

clinde 27%, in a sinking condition, and part of her corgo Her crew was taken off by the ship Westmoreland ar-

rived a Liverpool. The M. T. S. was scuttled to get her out of the way of other vegets.

The clippership Sovereign of the Seas. Captain Warner, from Liverpool, had arrived at Melbourae in eighty days

The screw steamship Great Britain arrived at Liverpool Feb 14, in sixty eight days from Meibourne.

We find no news, political or commercial, of marked imperiance. The Cotton market at Liverpool was firm, and

parange.

he same remerk will apply to the Broadstuff markets at all important points. The period of forty days allowed by the Porte for the acceptance, by Russis, of the terms of adjustment proposed by the Four Powers and assented to by the Turkish Cabinet, expired on Thursday, Feb. 8, and the Porte or its allies

are now fully justified in taking, without further notice, such measures as they may deem necessary in opposition to the Advices from Constantinople state that the French and English Admirals had fixed the period of 15 days from the with Jenuary, for the Russian vessels to return to their har-

bors in the Black Sea. A camp for 40,000 men is being prepared at a place six

miles from Constantinople, on the banks of the Sea of Marmora.

In Asia, Gen. Guyen had re-umed offensive operations or ainst the Russians. Dates from Bucharest of Feb. 1, state that the Russians

have 60,000 men before Kalafat, and that the Emperor has given orders to drive the Turke out of Lesser Wallachia without loss of time. St. Petersburg 3d-Since Count Orloff's departure, great animation has prevailed, but matters wear a sombre and

warbke aspect. Pants, Monday - The Boorre is very firm owing to reperts that the Emperor of Austria had declared to Count rice that he would make common cause with the Western Powers in the case of the Russians crossing the Dannbe.

An important rise in the Funds was produced by this, the Three Per Cents cleding at to | and the Four and a Halves Loybox. Feb. 17.-It is confidently announced that a manifeste, signed by Norselrode is shortly expected at Vi-

curs, in which Russia will announce to the world her final intentions. A Cabinet Council sat for three and a half hours on

On the Lenden Stock Exchange on the 13th, says The Livergool Times the settlemen of the accounts began to

brisk aspect. As the day approaches speculators will endeaver to produce a fall and where they have cash to make purchases they may realize their desire to the fullest extent. Consols opened at 911 to 91; and after advancing to 90 they again recoded to the opening quotations, at which they closed. Reduced, 941 to 921. New 31 per Cents 901 to 90]. Indian Bonds, 10/ prem. Exchaquer Pale, 19 to 20 prem. THE EASTERN WAR.

A letter from Trobizond of the 14th states that Shampl, at the head of 10,000 Circassians was merching against Zekatile, an important military position of the fluszians.

It is reported that Lord Ragian is to have the chief com-n and of the allied forces, and that the Duke of Cambridge, Earl of Cardigen Generals Evens and Brotherton are to have appointments.

According to letters from Krajeva the bad weather has

cene prevented the ling ians from attacking Kulafat. The investing army has made a movement in advance, but active operations will not begin before March, when the ford

Vecchia, for the purpose of embarking the troops which are to form the French expeditionary force to Turkey. The fleet has sailed and is now on its way to the Moditor

renesn.

The following dispatch speaks positively of a late conflict: on the forh uit, which was attended with great loss on both sides. The Turks retreated to Kalafat

around the Turklish position at Kabifat.

Early on the morning of the 18th there was a general ad-

Radotski had issued a proclamation to the effect that all persons detected in spreading false reports shall be tried.

of Commons on the 18th of February, by Lord John Russell, in an able and effective speech. The details of the bill to the Senator Liverpool.

Liverpool Liverpool.

The weather is very mild and threatens rain. Wind are distrateful, both to the Conservatives and extreme Lib-

On the 19th, Lord John Russell, in replying to Mr Layard in the House of Commons, said that Admiral Dundas found, when in the Black Sea, that the anchorage was not secure, and that the fogs and weather was such that if he remained in the sea any length of time the fleet would have been disabled for the service for which it was intended. Lord John admitted that there had been a difference of opinion between the English Embassador and the Admiral at Constantinople, but that it was upon a professional question. Arrangements had, however, been agreed upon be-tween the English and French Embassadors acto the course to be taken by the combined fleets, subject, however, to the discretion of the Admirals, in regard to the safety of

With regard to Count Orloff's mission to Vicena, Lord John said that he believed his noble friend at the head of the Foreign Office had no reason to feel dissatisfied with the results of the Count's mission to the Emperor of Austria. The object of the mission appeared to have been to secure the neutrality of Austria in the event of a war with England and France, and it was satisfactory to know that the mission had falled (Cheers) Views, Friday night, Feb. 10 -Advices from Bucharest

of the 6th inst announce that 800 Turks, with eight gun-beats and four sailing craft, crossed the Danube from Rustchuk to Giergeve early on the morning of the 5th. They landed near the quarantine building and arranged themselves in line of battle. They were received by two bat alions of Russians, with a murderous fire, which lasted three hours. The Russians suffered severely, and the Turks finally returned to Rustchule.

FRANCE.

The Journal des Doluts announces that the Government has refused the numerous offers that have been made to it for effecting a loan, and has concluded an arrangement with the Bunk of France, which has placed at its disposal state of \$5 an out per \$1.000 m.

with the Bank of France, which has placed at its disposal a run of \$60,000 0.00f.

The Bulkers des Lois publishes an imperial decree, an thorizing the Finance Minister to raise the treasury bonds in circulation to 120,00,000 instead of 150,000,000,000,000 dixed in the budget of 1804.

The Periscerrespondent of The Times writes—"The African force intended for services in Turkey will, it appears, be principally composed of two battalions from every regiment of Zonaves.

These Zonaves are excellent troops for such a service; they combine the flero impetuosity of irregular soldiers, with the steadierss, firmness and discipline of the line. They are already aware of the service they are to be ompleyed or, are said to be eager for an affair with the Massevirus, whe will final in them such "castomers" as they have rarely met with "Lonar Letter, of vestorday.

resolution of the Butch was Once ordered to assay of our corps of 1000 men each—a step which indicates the intention of Helland to place her army on a war footing.

By a telegraphic dispatch from the Hague, dated Saturday, we learn that the Government of France and England have informed the Government of Holland that the commercial flag of neutral States will be considered as that of a friendly power.

THE GERMAN POWERS. The Journal de Franciert publishes an article having all the marks of a semi-cilicial communication, in which it is said that "the German powers have firmly resolved, "though unwilling to make their resolution the subject of "a treaty, to preserve a strict neutrality, whatever may "happen."

AUSTRIA.

AUSTRIA.

Viessa, Feb. 5.—During one of the interviews between the Emperer and the Envoy Extraordinary, his Majesty is said to have acknowledged with the warmest expressions of gratitude his great obligations to the Emperor Nichelas but, at the sance time. Count Onlift was reminded that the first duty of a sovereign was to care for the welfare of his country. It would be folly to pretend to give a connected account of what has occurred here during the last week, but it may be considered certain that all the members of the administration are averse to any close alliance with Russia. Some days since a council was held, at which the Emperor precided, and it is credibly related that the Ministers not only displayed the most pacific alliance with Russia. Some days since a council was leid, at which the Emperor presided; and it is credibly related that the Ministers not only displayed the most pusite inclinations, but even arged that it would be advisable to avoid the expense inseparable from the removal and concentration of large bodies of troops. This counsel was, however, overfuled, and an army of some 100,000 men is now being collected on the eastern and south eastern frontier. Credible information has also been given that the army in Austrian Italy and in the Romagna is being reenforced.

The military authorities must naturally understand what they are about, but it strakes me that either too much or tool tile is done. If Austria is with France and Logland, toolitle is done. If Austria is with France and Lagland, the power of the revolutionary party is broken, and there is no cause to fear that the tranquillity of the southern and centern provinces will be disturbed, but a powerful army on the north and north enstern frontiers of the empire would be recalite. If, on the contrary Austria should be so thind to her own interests as to join Russin, she would be obliged to increase her armies by at least 100,000 men, which would complete the ruin of her finances and destroy the presperity of the country for the next quarter of a century.

century.

It is asserted that the Austrian Government proposes to send Prince Windiachgratz on a mission to St. Petersburg.

Advices from Vienna of the 6th announce the mobilisation of a corps of 25,660 men on the frontier of Lesser Wallachis. "The Emperor," rays The Austrian State Gazetic, "considering his duties of a good neighbor to the "two bellingerents, had not thought it right to increase his army in this direction, so long as the struggle between "Turkey and Russia was confined to Greater Wallachia, but row that the contest has extended into Lesser Wallachia, Lufacy and Russia was confined to Greater Wallachia,

but now that the contest has extended into Lesser Wellachia and the Austrian frontier, the Emperor, who
watches without cessing over the interest of his States,
and who wishes to preserve them from invasion from
the west, has thought it right to place his force on a war
footing. A pertion of the garrison of Vienna will march
to put this resolution into effect.

INDIA AND CHINA

INDIA AND CHIMA.

We have the details of the news from India and Chima. The dates are Bombay, Jan 1s, Heng Kong, Dec. 27:

"The news from Eurmah is still unfavorable (Jap. Latter, the Deputy Commissioner of Proma, and the most active of the frontier politicals, has been accassinated. Since the detection of the conspiracy at Rangoon he had been very active in collecting information regarding the plans of the war party at Ava, a service for which his infimate knowledge of the Burnesse language and character peculiarly fitted him. He had given orders that the sentitles should allow his spice, who were usually disguised as women, to pass unquestioned at all hours, and in consequence of such orders, the assembs, who encered Capt. Latter's quarters, disguised as women, on the night of the sith, were allowed to pass unnoticed. He was murdered when he was taken, and so quietly that the asset. active operations will not begin before Harch, when the fordage for crossing the Danube will be ready.

It is row clear that the future operations against Kalafut
will be underwaken from Polerebti rather than from Kalo.

van, although this last place, which is a most important pasition at the end of a spur, of the Carpethians will be
strongly grathouned.

Indeed, and one in the heart. His death must have been in
instanceus. A woman's seaf was thrown over the
coupse, can indignity, neocalling to Barman estimation,
and the numbers affected their recope so noiselessly

In and a few hate signated on the last rising ground on the the road on Kroj va. It is supposed a hat this sports very Kohat strange faulted, but nothing positive . 's known on the

Three brasise regiments one of which is a re Charsens of Oderes, have been so out up that they may be completely regenered before they can again take the field.

Up to the with the Bassan corps had formed a semi-circular the return of which

vence on the part of the Russiane, and on the evening of the same day the right wing had left Tabetete about seven English miles in the rear. The centre mot wish conditions be resistance, but when the ufactty came up the Turas retired to their interchance. At when the ufactty came up the Turas retired to their interchance. The left vinghas taken up a position in the neighborhood of Boleschati.

The French Government continues its preparations with great cetivary, and orders have been dispatched from Parasion for the Breat fleet to put to sea at once, and it is understood that the Admirel in command was under orders from the Minister of Marine to proceed to Toulon, Algiera and Civita Vecchia, for the purpose of embarking the troops which are to four the French expeditionary force to Turkey.

The fletch has sailed and is now on its way to the Moditer ranean.

The following dispatch speaks positively of a late condition of the field hit, which was attended with great loss on both sides. The Turker retreated to Kalafat.

In Lembardy great excitement prevailed and Marshal Radetski had issued a proclamation to the effect that all percent detects in spreading files reports about the field in the British House. The under the residence of the great instance of the great instance of the great of the great instances had been continued in the proclamation of the file maps of timesartan.

The termination of the command a function of the model has been despendent to the continue that the condition of the field in command was under orders from the remaining and the constant to contract the great metabolic proclamation of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution. Alt held the proclamation of such convolution of such convolution. At held the proclamation of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution of such convolution. At held the such that the file that all percent and the such all the conflict of the file and the file that all percent dependent of the such and the file a that the Admirsl in command was under orders from the

es, and of the energetic conduct of Captain Flatburge, to arrived at Hong Kong on the 23th last. It is feared and catastrophe has happened in the less of five of the rames crew by the upsetting of a bont in attempting to sain the steamer from a prize junk. The pirates are in midable force all along the coast, from Chusan down to ng Kong. At Canton all remains quiet, but the news from the

"At Canten all remains quiet, but the news from the north has produced some sensation and an uneasy feeling, as it is generally supposed there is a strong party in the city in favor of Tae ping wang. It is feared that if Pokia ralls there will be a serious outbreak.

"We have to report the safe return to Woosung on the 18th instant, of his imperial French majesty's steamor Cossini, from Nankin, with his excellency M. Bourbillou. We could not obtain any particulars of his visit, as the steamer passes on to Shanghai.

"The Russian admiral was still at Shanghai, walting the sth October mail, after which, it was said, he was to feave for Nangrasski."

th October mail, after which, it was each he was to leave for Nangrasaki."

Illis Excellency Commodore Perry arrived at Hong Kong on the 17th inst, in the United States stemoer Missispip, and helted his flag on board the United States stonner Susquehanna. The United States ship Macedonien has left this for Locohow, and the United States ship Hymouth is under dispatch to Stanghai. Her Britannia Majesty's ship Winchester and the United States steamer Susquehanna have been giving a series of cutertainments, and Commedors Perry has a grand performance on board the Susquehanna to morrow.

Hommar, Jun. 14.—Money easy; business in imports grad! markets generally very dull; in freights no change.

Hornar, Jan. 14.—Money easy: business in imports mail, markets generally very dult in freights no change. Catestra, Jan 4.—In imports there has been a particular improvement in demund for some goods, owing to a local inquiry. No change in rates, as regards Sugar and Sultpeter. Rice and Oil seeds 5 lower.

Catest, Dec. 25.—Moderate business done in imports. Freights, £4 10s. to £5.

Shaneman, Dec. 17.—Imports—market very dull. Ships for England in demand. Tes. £5 10s.; Silk, £6 to £6 10s.

COAST OF AFRICA.

Faith screw steemer arrived at Plymouth on Sunday morning, with malls. Trade particularly dull on the whole coast. Benny in a state of disorder and revo-

tion.
At Lagos everything at a stand still.

AUSTRALIA.

MELEGUREE, Nov. 28-Old gold fields continue to yield fairly. A second bottom of deposit is said to have been found at Ballarat, and to a certain extent at Alexander and Bendigo.

Wool expected to be small, and not so voil got up as

last year.

ADMINITE, Dec. 3.—The harvest promises abundance.
Emaintees dull. Importation large and store as too heavy to
admit of satisfactory sales.

Ent Hitle gold at markets price \$2 tes, per ounce.
Stemmer Juno had been lost in Manning Liver; six persons

drowned.

The Vimiera arrived at Sydney Nov , 1s.

SYDNEY, Nov. 23.—Business satisfuctory. Consumption steadily increasing. Some articles in too large supply. Other stocks full short and prices we statemed. Liverpool Cotton Market.

Fig. 14.—The morket has been acre active than for a considerable time past, owing partly to the latest accounts from America, and also to the easier rate of the Money market for abscussing in improvement a gard general fermand at easily price-scale 10,000 below of the 10th there was a gard general fermand at easily price-scale 10,000 below of which 0,000 were on speculation and for export. Fig. 10, P. M.-Conson, c good rather heavily at 91; 991; for

money and actions.

At the Cort. Market to day, the supply of English Wiggar was at the forth before trade was a pendy at the decline of this day week. Finelanded firmly, but I gives are maltered. Faily four fivating cargons were left amount. Shipping. Arr. at Liverpool 17th, ship Weatmoreland, Philadelpula, Old agand, N.Oricart, 18th, Henry Clay, and Underwriter, N.York.

COMPLINES TO DR. JACKSON -The Grand Duke of Turcany has recently conferred an Order upon Dr. Charles Juckson of New England, for services in relation to the mires and mineralogy of the Island of Etha, which belongs